

Take control of your credit card costs

Fee program ebook



Customers are increasingly relying on digital platforms for purchasing goods and services. If your corporation is still reluctant to offer credit cards as a payment option due to the higher interchange rates, a credit card surcharge program might be a good option.

If your businesses regularly accepts credit card payments, recent changes in customer buying behavior and purchase activity may call for a reassessment of your credit card acceptance practices.

Any business seeking ways to better manage expenses should take the time to evaluate Credit Card Surcharging as a solution.

Credit Card Surcharging

A percentage-based amount of the purchase added to the total amount charged to the customer paying for the purchase with a credit card.

What is Credit Card Surcharge?

A Credit Card Surcharge program enables businesses to add an additional fee to a customer's transaction when they use a credit card for payment.

According to Mintel, a global market research organization, credit cards are the most preferred payment method by consumers. Even armed with that knowledge, some businesses choose to limit credit card acceptance due to the higher interchange costs established by the card brands. Credit Card Surcharging enables businesses to meet customer demand for credit card acceptance while controlling operating costs to sustain a healthy bottom line.

As we advance towards what could become a cashless future, the pressure to accept credit card payments is increasing. Credit Card Surcharging allows the business to offer customers the flexibility to pay by credit card for a relatively small fee. The fee is typically 3% of the purchase price – usually just a few cents on the dollar. Cardholders who wish to avoid the surcharge can pay using a lower cost payment method such as a debit card, check or cash. We offer our customers solutions that support check acceptance in addition to card acceptance.

Credit Card Surcharging is specifically designed to offset the transaction costs of credit card acceptance only. A surcharge cannot be applied to payments made with debit cards, pre-paid cards and cannot be identified as a COVID or coronavirus surcharge. However the money you save by reducing credit card acceptance costs can be reallocated to meet any other business needs.





Rules and regulations

Credit card surcharging offers a way to control acceptance costs, but the programs are subject to rules and regulations. The rules and regulations can vary based on the card brands and individual state laws. It is important to understand the laws in the states in which you transact business whether online or in-person. The following is a general overview of the card brand rules. We recommend visiting the card brand websites for additional details. If you have specific questions regarding your state's laws applicable to credit card surcharging, consult your legal and compliance counsel.

- Currently, businesses must notify Elavon, Visa, and Mastercard of the intent to surcharge.
 - Visa must be notified at least 30 days in advance of beginning to surcharge;
 a notification form can be submitted to Visa on their website.
 www.visa.com/merchantsurcharging.
 - Mastercard must be notified no less than 30 days before the credit card surcharge is implemented. A notification form can be submitted to Mastercard on their website. www.mastercard.us/en-us/business/overview/support/merchant-surcharge-rules
- Businesses must disclose the surcharge for in-person transactions using signs or stickers at the point of entry and point of sale to alert cardholders prior to completing a credit card payment.
- Credit card surcharges must disclose the credit card surcharge dollar amount on every receipt.
- Businesses must disclose the credit card surcharge for online transactions in descriptive text prior to check-out in accordance with card brand rules and state laws.
- Visa and Mastercard prohibit surcharge to debit card products. These include signature debit cards, debit cards, EBT cards, pre-paid cards and HSA/FSA cards issued as debit. Nor can they be identified as COVID or coronavirus surcharges; credit card surcharges must be identified as such.
- Surcharge is an optional program for merchants looking to reduce the cost of credit card acceptance. There are additional obligations to comply with in order for a merchant to participate in surcharge programs. Failure to comply with surcharge requirements may result loss of acceptance of all payment products so merchants should consider all options.
- Credit card surcharge applies to credit card only, not available on debit cards.

Disclosure requirements

Disclosures are required as part of the rules surrounding credit card surcharge programs. The disclosures must contain language notifying customers that the surcharge is not greater than the business's total costs of accepting the credit card payment.

Prior to transacting in-person or online, disclosures and definitions should be clearly displayed in the form of stickers, signage, descriptive texts at point of entry, point of sale, and at time of transaction.

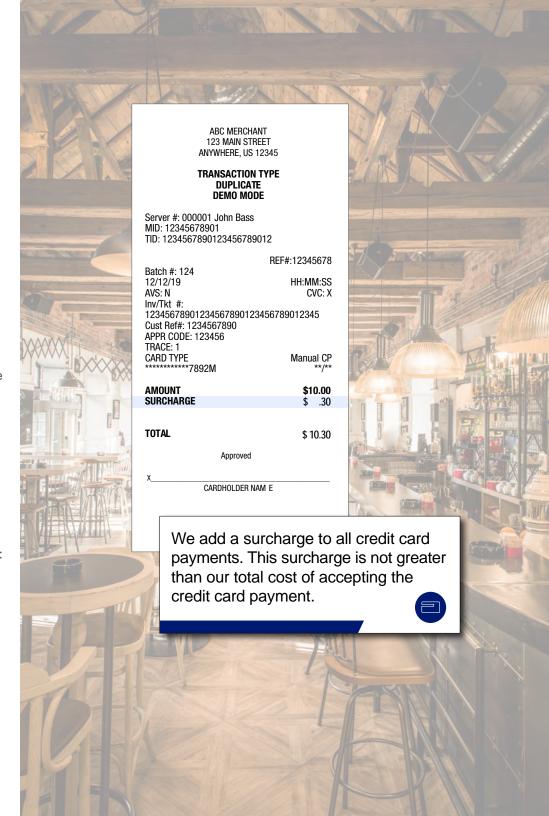
If a cardholder uses a credit card, they will see the surcharge fee displayed on the terminal or check-out screen prior to agreeing to pay, and then again on the receipt.

Should the cardholder require a return, a proportional amount of the surcharge amount will be returned, also shown on the receipt.

No surprises for you... or your customers.

Restricted states and regions

Certain state and regional laws may restrict your business' ability to implement credit card surcharging. Businesses located in the following regions currently cannot surcharge credit card transactions: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Puerto Rico, Canada¹

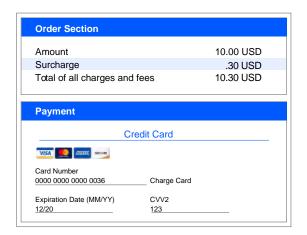


Present, then pay

Transparency is key to the successful implementation of credit card surcharges. Providing customers with advanced notice gives customers an opportunity to consider how to pay prior to initiating a payment transaction.

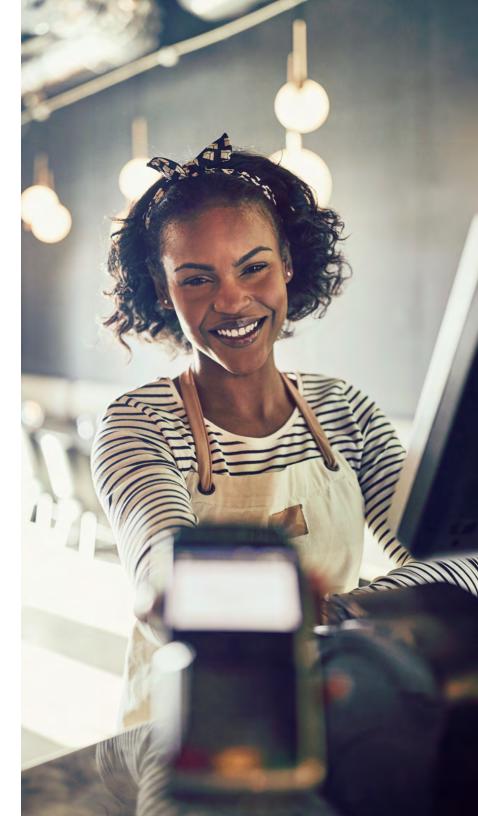
Cardholders will only be presented with the surcharge fee on the payment screen if they use a credit card for payment. The surcharge fee will not be displayed if the cardholder uses a different payment method, such as a debit card or pre-paid card.

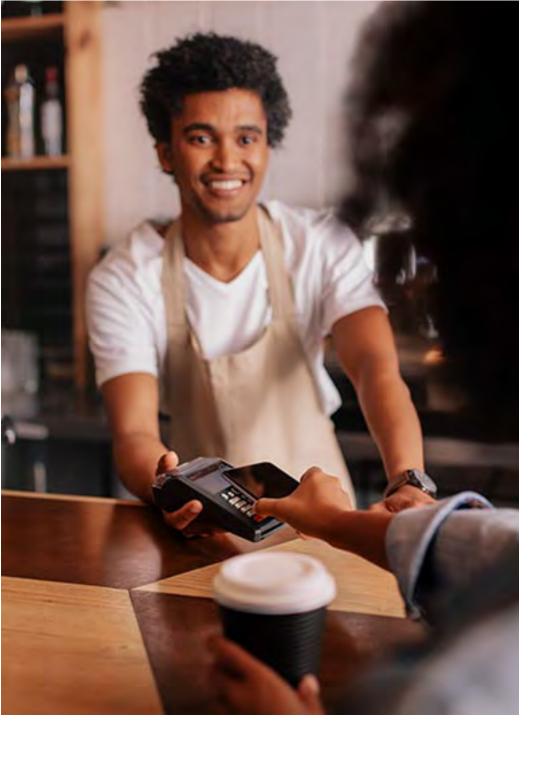
When a cardholder uses a credit card and they see the surcharge displayed, they will have an opportunity to accept the fee or change payment methods. If they accept the fee, the surcharge is applied to the purchase. If not, they avoid the surcharge fee by using another payment method. Either way, you know your costs are controlled and set at a fixed rate for credit card acceptance.



A credit card disclosure for an eCommerce transaction and on a payment terminal.





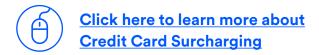


Getting started

Our Credit Card Surcharge Program is one of the ways businesses can optimize the cost of accepting payments. In addition to credit card surcharging, companies can reduce costs through debit card optimization, commercial card optimization and chargeback management. Identifying the opportunities to optimize transaction processing within a large organization can be complex, which is why it's important to work with your payment processor to analyze your card payment data across all your environments. That's where we can help.

Using advanced analytics, we help customers identify areas for optimization and makes actionable recommendations to better manage card payments.

areas for optimization and makes actionable recommendations to better manage card payments. By evaluating the business' entire card authorizing and processing environment, we can help you cost-effectively deliver a satisfying and secure payment experience.





Learn more about U.S. Bank and our services

https://wahospitality.org/member-savings/payment_processing/

¹ Certain state or local laws may restrict or limit the amount of the surcharge percentage. Although we offer surcharging in most states, Merchants are responsible for <u>determining the legality of surcharging in their st</u>ates, and merchants are liable if their activities are found to be unlawful. Credit card surcharge applies to credit card only, not available on debit cards.